5693 SPECIAL RED TUBE

5693

SHARP-CUTOFF PENTODE

Intended for critical industrial applications where 10,000-hour life, extreme uniformity, rigid construction, and exceptional stability are paramount. Within its ratings, the 5693 may be used to replace its receiving-tube counterpart, type 6SJ7.

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage	6.3 ± 5%*	ac or dc volts
Current	0.3	amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:°

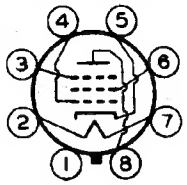
	Min.	Av.	Max.	
Grid to Plate	–	–	0.005	μμf
Input	4.8	5.3	5.8	μμf
Output	5.6	6.2	6.8	μμf

* May deviate ± 10% from rated value provided such deviation occurs for less than 2% of the operating time.

° With shell connected to cathode.

Mechanical:

Mounting Position	Any
Maximum Overall Length	2-5/8"
Seated Length	1-31/32" ± 3/32"
Maximum Diameter	1-5/16"
Bulb	Metal Shell MT-8
Base	Small-Wafer Octal 8-Pin, Non-Hygroscopic
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	8N



Pin 1 – Shell
Pin 2 – Heater
Pin 3 – Grid No.3
Pin 4 – Grid No.1
Pin 5 – Cathode
Pin 6 – Grid No.2
Pin 7 – Heater
Pin 8 – Plate

INDUSTRIAL SERVICE

Includes applications such as dc and resistance-coupled amplifiers

Maximum Ratings, *Absolute Values*:

DC PLATE VOLTAGE	300 max.	volts
DC PLATE-SUPPLY VOLTAGE	330 max.	volts
DC GRID-No.3 (SUPPRESSOR) VOLTAGE:		
Negative bias value	0 min.	volts
	-100 max.	volts
DC GRID-No.2 (SCREEN) VOLTAGE▲	125 max.	volts
DC GRID-No.2-SUPPLY VOLTAGE	330 max.	volts

▲: See next page.

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GRID-No.1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:			
Negative bias range.	-1■ min. to	-50 max.	volts
Negative peak value.		-50 max.	volts
DC CATHODE CURRENT		10 max.	ma
PLATE DISSIPATION.		2 max.	watts
GRID-No.2 DISSIPATION.		0.3 max.	watt
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:			
Heater negative with respect to cathode.		100 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode.		100 max.	volts
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE RANGE.		-55 to +90	°C

Maximum Circuit Value:

See curve on a following page giving maximum values of the grid-No.1 resistor.

Characteristics and Range Values:

Heater volts, 6.3; Plate Volts, 250; Grid-No.3 Volts, 0; Grid-No.2 Volts, 100; Grid-No.1 Volts, -3.

	Min.	*Av.*	*Max.*	
Heater Current	0.275	0.300	0.325	amp
Heater-Cathode Current with heater-cathode voltage of ± 100 volts	–	–	5	μamp
Plate Current.	2.3	3.0	3.7	ma
Plate Current for grid-No.1 voltage of -7.5 volts. . .	2	30	80	μamp
Plate Current for grid-No.3 voltage of -70 volts . . .	150	450	750	μamp
Grid-No.2 Current.	0.60	0.85	1.10	ma
Reverse Grid-No.1 Current. .	–	–	0.1	μamp
Plate Resistance	1.0	–	–	megohm
Transconductance	1400	1650	1900	μmhos

Typical Operation as Resistance-Coupled Amplifier:

See RESISTANCE-COUPLED AMPLIFIER CHART No.20 at front of Receiving Tube Section.

▲ The 5693 may be operated at a grid-No.2 voltage as high as the rated grid-No.2 supply voltage when the grid-No.2 dissipation rating is not exceeded for any signal condition and when a resistor is used in series with grid-No.2 and its supply voltage.

■ For resistance-coupled amplifier applications, the grid-No.1 negative bias may be as low as -0.5 volt.

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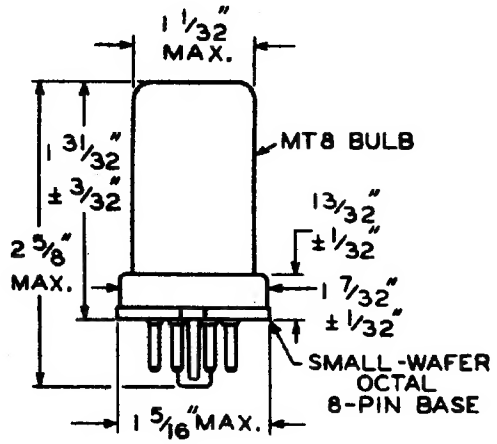

MAR. 15, 1948

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OUTLINE

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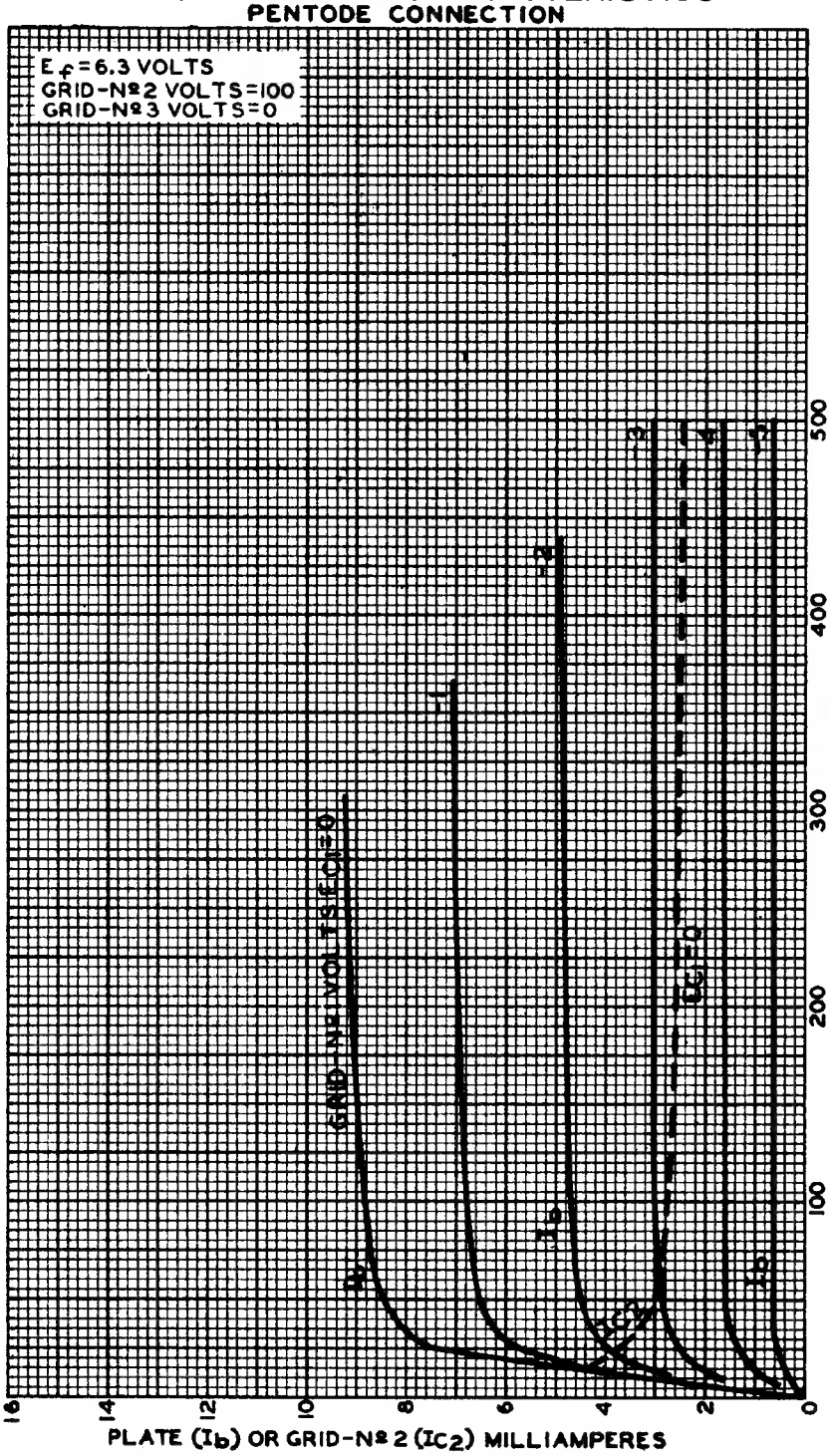
AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS

PENTODE CONNECTION



OCT. 15, 1947

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92CM-4939RI

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OPERATION CHARACTERISTICS

E_f = 6.3 VOLTS PLATE VOLTS = 300 GRID-№3 VOLTS = 0

CURVE	GRID-№2 RESISTOR	GRID-№2 SUPPLY VOLTS
1	0 MEG.	100
2	0.25 MEG.	300
3	0.5 MEG.	300
4	0.75 MEG.	300

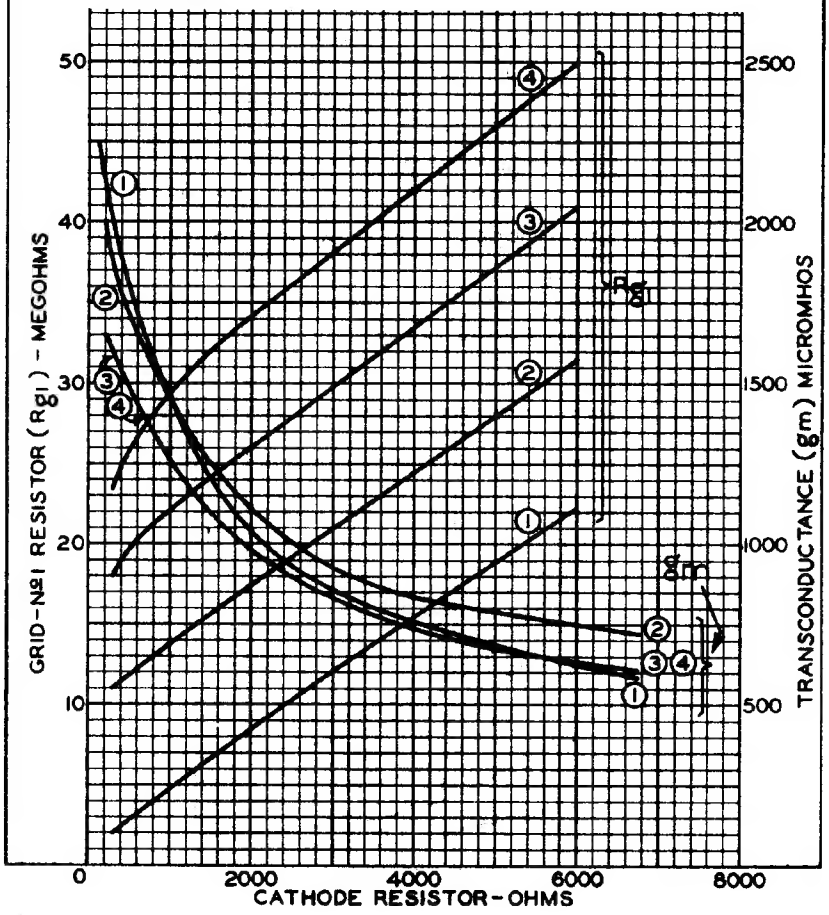
THESE CURVES ARE BASED ON THE FOLLOWING VALUES: ΔI_K=300μAMP, ΔIg_1=0.1μAMP

EXPRESSING THESE VALUES AS A RATIO, WE HAVE:

$$\frac{\Delta I_K}{\Delta Ig_1} = \frac{300}{0.1} \text{ OR } 3000$$

FOR THOSE APPLICATIONS PERMITTING OTHER VALUES OF ΔI_K, A NEW RATIO OF $\Delta I_K/\Delta Ig_1$ CAN BE CALCULATED. THE VALUES OF Rg_1 AS READ FROM THE CURVE MUST BE MULTIPLIED BY A FACTOR WHICH IS THE QUOTIENT OF THE NEW RATIO DIVIDED BY THE OLD RATIO. FOR EXAMPLE, IF THE NEW RATIO IS 6000 THE MULTIPLYING FACTOR IS 6000/3000, OR 2, AND VALUES OF Rg_1 AS READ FROM THE CURVE ARE THEREFORE MULTIPLIED BY 2.

NOTE: TRANSCONDUCTANCE CURVES WERE OBTAINED WITH GRID-№2 RESISTOR AND CATHODE RESISTOR SUITABLY BYPASSED.



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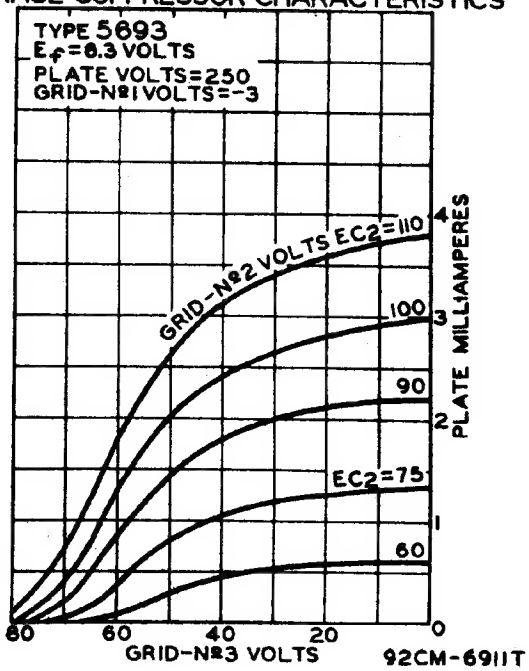
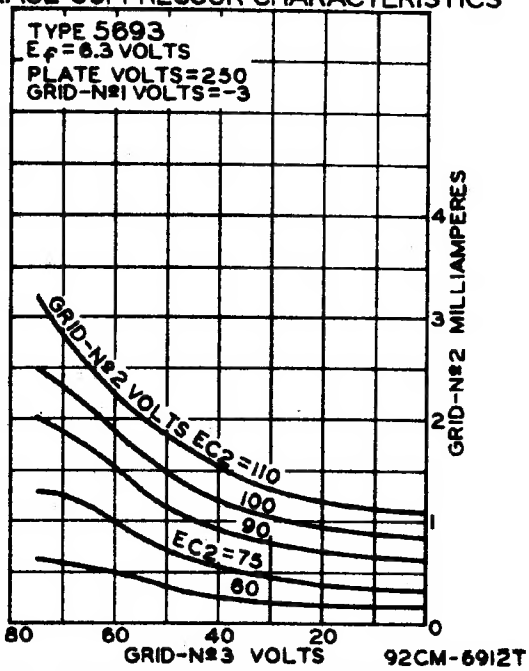
AVERAGE SUPPRESSOR CHARACTERISTICS



AVERAGE SUPPRESSOR CHARACTERISTICS



RCA

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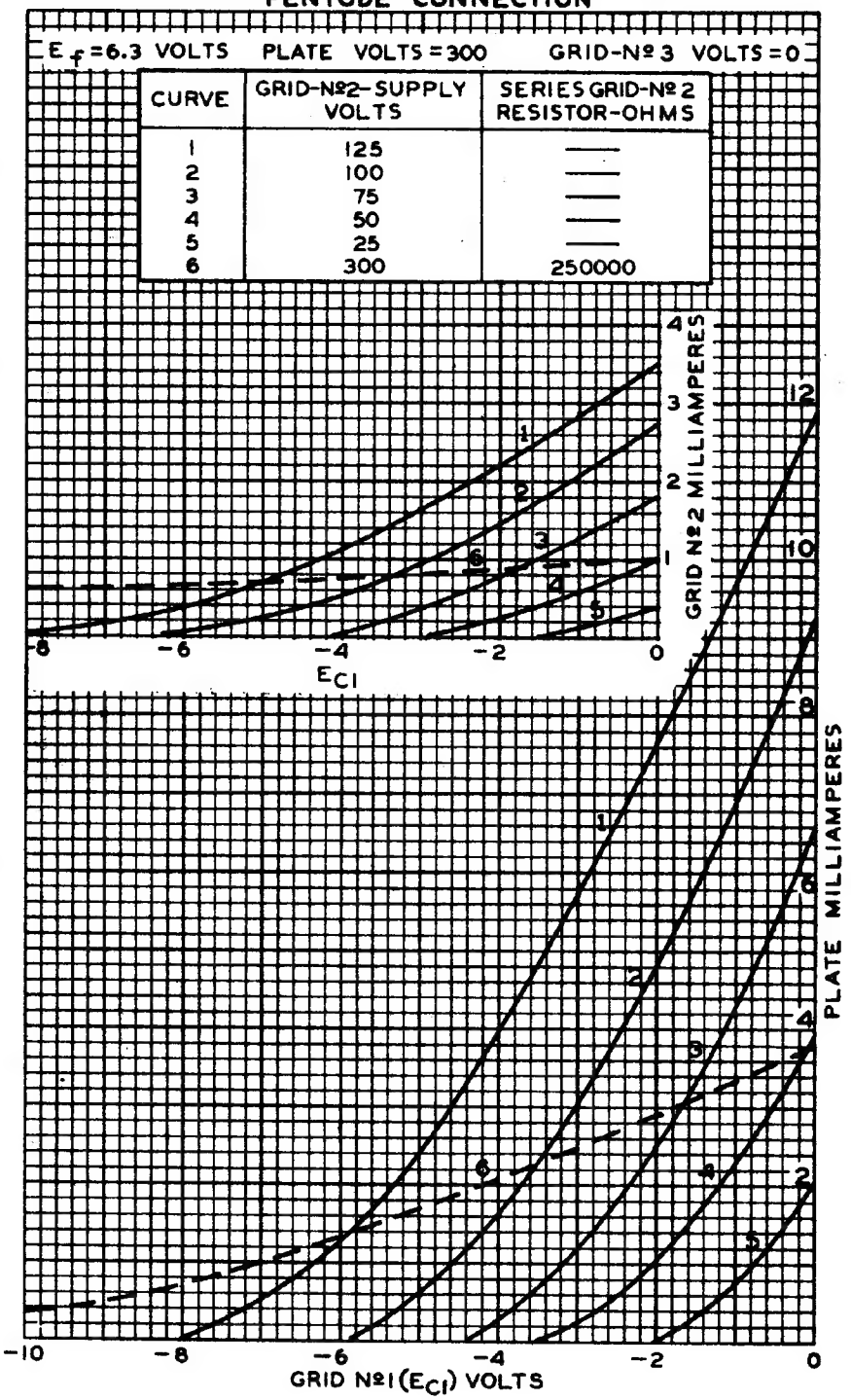
AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS
PENTODE CONNECTION



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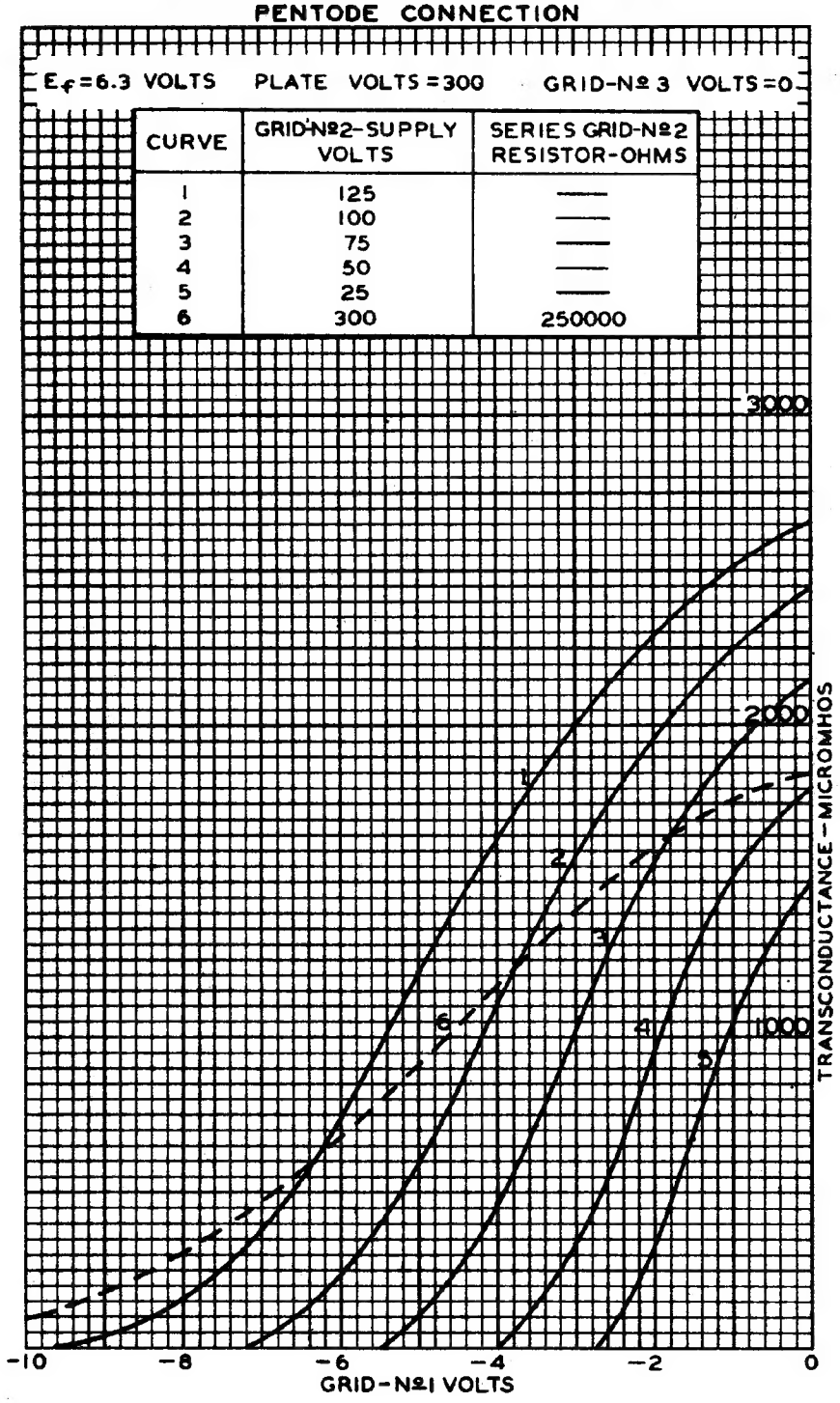
AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

PENTODE CONNECTION

E_f = 6.3 VOLTS PLATE VOLTS = 300 GRID-№3 VOLTS = 0

CURVE	GRID-№2-SUPPLY VOLTS	SERIES GRID-№2 RESISTOR-OHMS
1	125	—
2	100	—
3	75	—
4	50	—
5	25	—
6	300	250000



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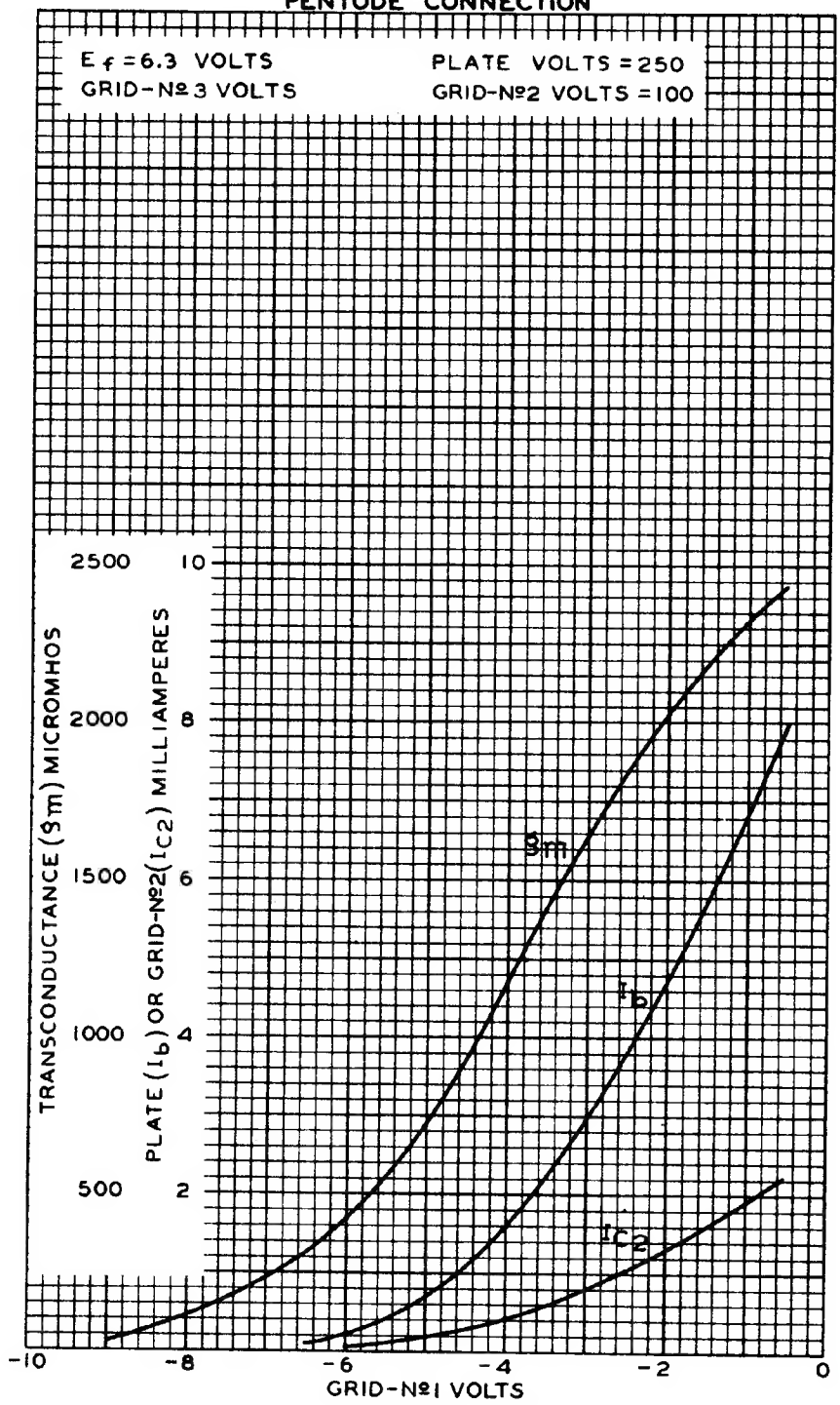
AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

PENTODE CONNECTION



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